EXAXOL CHEMI	CAL CORPORATION	Revision nr. 1
		Dated 10/6/2015
SS6559 - Sodium	Carbonate anhydrous	Printed on 7/10/2015 Page n. 1/11
	cording to U.S.A. Federal	
1.1. Product identifier	000550	
Code: Product name	SS6559 Sodium Carbonate anhydrous	
INDEX number	011-005-00-2	
EC number CAS number	207-838-8 497-19-8	
1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or m Intended use For Laboratory Use C		
1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet		
Name Full address	EXAXOL CHEMICAL CORPORATION 14325 60 TH ST N	
District and Country	33760 CLEARWATER - FLORIDA US	
	Tel. 1-727-524-7732	
	Fax 1-727-532-8221	
e-mail address		
	info@exaxol.com	
1.4. Emergency telephone number For urgent inquiries refer to	1-800-255-3924 ChemTel Inc.	
SECTION 2. Hazards identification.		
2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture.		
The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the product thus requires a safety datasheet. Any additional information concerning the risks for healt		
Classification and Hazard Statement.		
Eye irritation, category 2	Causes serious eye irritation.	

Signal	words:

Warning

Hazard statements:

H319

Causes serious eye irritation.

	EXAXOL CHEMICAL CORPORATION	Revision nr. 1
		Dated 10/6/2015
	SS6559 - Sodium Carbonate anhydrous	Printed on 7/10/2015
		Page n. 2/11
Precautionary statement	is:	
Prevention: P264 P280	Wash skin thoroughly after handling. Wear protective gloves / eye protection / face protection.	
Response: P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contaction rinsing.	ct lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue
P337+P313 Storage:	If eye irritation persists: get medical advice / attention.	
 Disposal: 		
2.2. Other hazards.		
The product is not class	fied as hazardous for environment pursuant to the provisions set forth in EC Re_{q}	gulation 1272/2008 (CLP).
SECTION 3. Co	mposition/information on ingredients.	

3.1. Substances.

Contains:

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

Identification.	Conc. %.	Classification:
SODIUM CARBONATE		
CAS. 497-19-8	100	Eye irritation, category 2 H319

3.2. Mixtures. 3.2. Mixtures.

Information not relevant.

SECTION 4. First aid measures.

4.1. Description of first aid measures.

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. If problem persists, seek medical advice.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Wash immediately with plenty of water. If irritation persists, get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before using it again.

INHALATION: Remove to open air. In the event of breathing difficulties, get medical advice/attention immediately.

INGESTION: Get medical advice/attention. Induce vomiting only if indicated by the doctor. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person, unless authorised by a doctor.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed.

For symptoms and effects caused by the contained substances, see chap. 11.

EXAXOL CHEMICAL CORPORATION	Revision nr. 1 Dated 10/6/2015
SS6559 - Sodium Carbonate anhydrous	Printed on 7/10/2015
	Page n. 3/11

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed.

Information not available.

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures.

5.1. Extinguishing media.

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT The extinguishing equipment should be of the conventional kind: carbon dioxide, foam, powder and water spray. UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT None in particular.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture.

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters.

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures.

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures.

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

6.2. Environmental precautions.

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up.

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Check incompatibility for container material in section 7. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

Revision nr. 1

SS6559 - Sodium Carbonate anhydrous

Dated 10/6/2015 Printed on 7/10/2015

Page n. 4/11

6.4. Reference to other sections.

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage.

7.1. Precautions for safe handling.

Before handling the product, consult all the other sections of this material safety data sheet. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove any contaminated clothes and personal protective equipment before entering places in which people eat.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities.

Store only in the original container. Store the containers sealed, in a well ventilated place, away from direct sunlight. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

7.3. Specific end use(s).

Information not available.

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection.

8.1. Control parameters.

Information not available.

8.2. Exposure controls.

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice. Personal protective equipment must comply with current regulations.

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves (OSHA 29 CFR 1910.138).

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category I professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Directive 89/686/EEC and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (OSHA 29 CFR 1910.133).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, wear a mask with a NIOSH certified filter, whose class must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration (NIOSH 42 CFR 84, OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

EXAXOL CHEMICAL CORPORATION

Revision nr. 1

SS6559 - Sodium Carbonate anhydrous

Dated 10/6/2015

Printed on 7/10/2015 Page n. 5/11

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus or external air-intake breathing apparatus. For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard NIOSH 42 CFR 84 and OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS.

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties.

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties.

9.2. Other information.

Information not available.

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity.

10.1. Reactivity.

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

10.2. Chemical stability.

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions.

EXAXOL CHEMICAL CORPORATION	Revision nr. 1
	Dated 10/6/2015
SS6559 - Sodium Carbonate anhydrous	Printed on 7/10/2015
	Page n. 6/11

No hazardous reactions are foreseeable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.4. Conditions to avoid.

None in particular. However the usual precautions used for chemical products should be respected.

10.5. Incompatible materials.

Information not available.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products.

Information not available.

SECTION 11. Toxicological information.

11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

Acute effects: stinging eyes. Symptoms may include: rubescence, edema, pain and lachrymation. Ingestion may cause health problems, including stomach pain and sting, nausea and sickness.

SODIUM CARBONATE LD50 (Oral).4090 mg/kg Rat LD50 (Dermal).117 mg/kg Mouse LC50 (Inhalation).2.3 mg/l/2h Rat

SECTION 12. Ecological information.

Use this product according to good working practices. Avoid littering. Inform the competent authorities, should the product reach waterways or sewers or contaminate soil or vegetation.

12.1. Toxicity. Information not available.

12.2. Persistence and degradability.

SODIUM CARBONATE Solubility in water. mg/l 1000 - 10000 Biodegradability: Information not available.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential.

Information not available.

Revision nr. 1

SS6559 - Sodium Carbonate anhydrous

Dated 10/6/2015 Printed on 7/10/2015

Page n. 7/11

12.4. Mobility in soil.

Information not available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment.

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

12.6. Other adverse effects.

Information not available.

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations.

13.1. Waste treatment methods.

Reuse, when possible. Neat product residues should be considered special non-hazardous waste. Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations. CONTAMINATED PACKAGING Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

SECTION 14. Transport information.

14.1. UN number.

Not applicable.

14.2. UN proper shipping name.

Not applicable.

14.3. Transport hazard class(es).

Not applicable.

14.4. Packing group.

Not applicable.

EXAXOL CHEMICAL CORPORATION	Revision nr. 1 Dated 10/6/2015
SS6559 - Sodium Carbonate anhydrous	Printed on 7/10/2015 Page n. 8/11

14.5. Environmental hazards.

Not applicable.

14.6. Special precautions for user.

Not applicable.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code.

Information not relevant.

SECTION 15. Regulatory information.

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture.

U.S. Federal Regulations.

TSCA:

All components are listed on TSCA Inventory.

Clean Air Act Section 112(b):

No component(s) listed.

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances:

No component(s) listed.

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances:

No component(s) listed.

<u>Clean Water Act –</u> Priority Pollutants:

No component(s) listed.

<u>Clean Water Act –</u> <u>Toxic Pollutants:</u>

No component(s) listed.

DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals):

No component(s) listed.

DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals):

EXAXOL CHEMICAL CORPORATION	Revision nr. 1 Dated 10/6/2015
SS6559 - Sodium Carbonate anhydrous	Printed on 7/10/2015 Page n. 9/11
<u> </u>	

No component(s) listed.

EPA List of Lists:
313 Category Code:
No component(s) listed.
EPCRA 302 EHS TPQ:
No component(s) listed.
EPCRA 304 EHS RQ:
No component(s) listed.
CERCLA RQ:
No component(s) listed.
EPCRA 313 TRI:
No component(s) listed.
RCRA Code:
No component(s) listed.
CAA 112 (r) RMP TQ:
No component(s) listed.
State Regulations.
Massachussetts:
No component(s) listed.
Minnesota:
No component(s) listed.
New Jersey:
No component(s) listed.
New York:
No component(s) listed.
Pennsylvania:
No component(s) listed.

EXAXOL CHEMICAL CORPORATION	Revision nr. 1
	Dated 10/6/2015
SS6559 - Sodium Carbonate anhydrous	Printed on 7/10/2015
	Page n. 10/11

California:

No component(s) listed.

Proposition 65:

International Regulations.

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to (EC) Reg. 649/2012:

None.

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None.

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None.

Candadian WHMIS.

Information not available.

SECTION 16. Other information.

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Eye Irrit. 2	Eye irritation, category 2

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

LEGEND:

- 313 CATEGORY CODE: Emergency Planning and Community Right-to Know Act Section 313 Category Code
- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- CAA 112 ® RMP TQ: Risk Management Plan Threshold Quantity (Clean Air Act Section 112®)
- CAS NUMBER: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CERCLA RQ: Reportable Quantity (Comprehensive Environment Response, Compensation, and Liability Act)
- CLP: EC Regulation 1272/2008
- DEA: Drug Enforcement Administration
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- EPA: US Environmental Protection Agency
- EPCRA: Emergency Planning and Community Right-to Know Act
- EPCRA 302 EHS TPQ: Extremely Hazardous Substance Threshold Planning Quantity (Section 302 Category Code)
- EPCRA 304 EHS RQ: Extremely Hazardous Substance Reportable Quantity (Section 304 Category Code)
- EPCRA 313 TRI: Toxics Release Inventory (Section 313 Category Code)
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- RCRA Code: Resource Conservation and Recovery Act Code
- REL: Recommended exposure limit
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train

EXAXOL CHEMICAL CORPORATION	Revision nr. 1
	Dated 10/6/2015
SS6559 - Sodium Carbonate anhydrous	Printed on 7/10/2015
	Page n. 11/11
TLV: Threshold Limit Value TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure. TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit	
VOC: Volatile organic Compounds WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System.	
GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY:	
GHS rev. 3	
The Merck Index. 10th Edition	
Handling Chemical Safety	
Niosh - Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances INRS - Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)	
Patty - Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology	
N.I. Sax - Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition	
ECHA website	
6 NYCRR part 597	
Cal/OSHA website	
California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act	
EPA website	
Hazard Comunication Standard (HCS 2012)	
IARC website	
List Of Lists EPA: Consolidated List of Chemicals Subject to EPCRA, CERCLA and Section 112® of the Clean	Air Act
Massachussetts 105 CMR Department of public health 670.000: "Right to Know"	
Minensota Chapter 5206 Departemnt Of Labor and Industry Hazardous Substances, Employee "Right to Know	".
New Jersey Worker and Community Right to know Act N.J.S.A.	
NTP. 2011. Report on Carcinogens, 12th Edition.	
OSHA website	
Pennsylvania, Hazardous Substance List, Chapter 323	
lote for users:	
The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last vers horoughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.	sion. Users must verify the suitability an
This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.	

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property. The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses. Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.