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PLMN1 - Manganese ICP 1,000 ppm in 2% Nitric			Printed on 3/10/2016 Page n. 1/12
-		cording to U.S.A. Fede	
SECTION 1. Ident	ification of the sub	stance/mixture and of the compar	ny/undertaking
<b>1.1. Product identifier</b> Code: Product name		PLMN1 Manganese ICP 1,000 ppm in 2% Nitric	
1.2. Relevant identified of Intended use	uses of the substance or n For Laboratory Use (	nixture and uses advised against Only.	
<b>1.3. Details of the suppl</b> i Name Full address District and Country	ier of the safety data sheet	EXAXOL CHEMICAL CORPORATION 14325 60 TH ST N 33760 CLEARWATER - FLORIDA US	
e-mail address		Tel. 1-727-524-7732 Fax 1-727-532-8221 info@exaxol.com	
<b>1.4. Emergency telepho</b> For urgent inquiries refer		1-800-255-3924 ChemTel Inc.	
SECTION 2. Haza	rds identification.		
product thus requires a safe	hazardous pursuant to the ety datasheet.	provisions set forth in OSHA Hazard Communic h and/or the environment are given in sections 11	ation Standard (HCS) (29 CFR 1910.1200). The and 12 of this sheet.
Classification and Hazard S Eye irritation, category 2 Skin irritation, category 2	tatement.	Causes serious eye irrit Causes skin irritation.	ation.
< <u>!</u> >			
Signal words:	Warning		
Hazard statements:			
H319 H315	Causes serious eye irritatic Causes skin irritation.	on.	

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Precautionary statements:

Prevention:	
P264	Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P280	Wear protective gloves / eye protection / face protection.
Response:	
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: wash with plenty of water.
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P321	Specific treatment (see label).
P332+P313	If skin irritation occurs: get medical advice.
P337+P313	If eye irritation persists: get medical advice / attention.
P362+P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
Storage:	
Disposal:	

2.2. Other hazards.

The product is not classified as hazardous for environment pursuant to the provisions set forth in EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP).

## **SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients.**

#### 3.1. Substances.

Information not relevant.

#### 3.2. Mixtures.

Contains:

Identification.	Conc. %.	Classification:
WATER		
CAS. 7732-18-5	50 - 100	
NITRIC ACID		
CAS. 7697-37-2	1 - 3	Oxidising liquid, category 3 H272, Skin corrosion, category 1A H314

Note: Upper limit is not included into the range.

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

## **SECTION 4. First aid measures.**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures.

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 30-60 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. Get medical advice/attention.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention.

INGESTION: Have the subject drink as much water as possible. Get medical advice/attention. Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly authorised by a doctor.

INHALATION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Remove victim to fresh air, away from the accident scene. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Take suitable precautions for rescue workers.

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4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed.

For symptoms and effects caused by the contained substances, see chap. 11.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed.

Information not available.

**SECTION 5. Firefighting measures.** 

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media.

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Extinguishing substances are: carbon dioxide and chemical powder. For product loss or leakage that has not caught fire, water spray can be used to disperse flammable vapours and protect those trying to stem the leak.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Do not use jets of water.

Water is not effective for putting out fires but can be used to cool containers exposed to flames to prevent explosions.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture.

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE If large quantities of the product are involved in a fire, they can make it considerably worse. Do not breathe combustion products.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters.

GENERAL INFORMATION

In the case of fire, use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent the risk of explosions (product decomposition and excess pressure) and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Remove all containers containing the product from the fire, if it is safe to do so.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

### **SECTION 6.** Accidental release measures.

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures.

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions.

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

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#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up.

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Check incompatibility for container material in section 7. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections.

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

### **SECTION 7. Handling and storage.**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling.

Ensure that there is an adequate earthing system for the equipment and personnel. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Do not breathe powders, vapours or mists. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Wash hands after use. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities.

Store only in the original container. Store in a ventilated and dry place, far away from sources of ignition. Keep containers well sealed. Keep the product in clearly labelled containers. Avoid overheating. Avoid violent blows. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s).

Information not available.

### **SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection.**

#### 8.1. Control parameters.

Regulatory References:

USA USA	NIOSH-REL OSHA-PEL	-		nal Exposure	,	h printing, 2007. ts for Air Contaminants TABLE Z-1-
USA	CAL/OSHA-	PEL	California Division of Occupational Safety and Health (Cal-OSHA) Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs).			
EU	OEL EU		Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC.			
	TLV-ACGIH		ACGIH 2014			
NITRIC ACI	ID					
Threshold	Limit Value.					
Туре		Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min	
			mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm

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	TLV-ACGIH	-	5.2	2	10.3	4	
	OEL	EU			2.6	1	
	OSHA	USA	5	2			
	CAL/OSHA	USA	5	2	10	4	
	NIOSH	USA	5	2	10	4	

#### 8.2. Exposure controls.

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice. Personal protective equipment must comply with current regulations.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

#### HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves (OSHA 29 CFR 1910.138).

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

#### SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category II professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Directive 89/686/EEC and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

#### EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (OSHA 29 CFR 1910.133).

#### RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, wear a mask with a NIOSH certified filter, whose class must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration (NIOSH 42 CFR 84, OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required. Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus or external air-intake breathing apparatus. For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard NIOSH 42 CFR 84 and OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134.

#### ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS.

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

#### **SECTION 9.** Physical and chemical properties.

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties.

Appearance Colour Odour Odour threshold. pH. Melting point / freezing point. Initial boiling point. Boiling range. Flash point. Evaporation Rate Flammability of solids and gases	Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. > 93 °C. Not available. Not available.
, 5	
Lower inflammability limit.	Not available.

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Upper inflammability limit. Lower explosive limit. Upper explosive limit. Vapour pressure. Vapour density Relative density. Solubility Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water Auto-ignition temperature. Decomposition temperature. Viscosity Explosive properties	Not available. Not available.
Explosive properties	Not available.
Oxidising properties	Not available.

#### 9.2. Other information.

Information not available.

## **SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity.**

#### 10.1. Reactivity.

NITRIC ACID: decomposes at 84°C with possibility of self-ignition.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability.

Information not available.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions.

The product may react violently with water.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid.

Avoid overheating. Prevent moisture or water from penetrating inside the containers.

NITRIC ACID: exposure to heat and light.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials.

NITRIC ACID: flammable substances, reducing substances, alcohol, basic substances and metals; acetone, acetic acid, acetic anhydride and certain plastics.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products.

NITRIC ACID: nitric oxides.

## **SECTION 11. Toxicological information.**

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11.1. Information on toxicological effects.		
the criteria specified in the applicable regular hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to Acute effects: stinging eyes. Symptoms may ind Ingestion may cause health problems, including Acute effects: contact with skin may cause: irrita	oduct itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the prop tion for classification. It is therefore necessary to take into an o evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product. clude: rubescence, edema, pain and lachrymation. g stomach pain and sting, nausea and sickness. ation, erythema, edema, dryness and chapped skin. g stomach pain and sting, nausea and sickness.	
NITRIC ACID LC50 (Inhalation).67 ppm/4h Rat		
SECTION 12. Ecological inform	ation.	
Use this product according to good working pra contaminate soil or vegetation.	actices. Avoid littering. Inform the competent authorities, should	the product reach waterways or sewers or
<b>12.1. Toxicity.</b> Information not available.		
12.2. Persistence and degradability.		
NITRIC ACID		
Solubility in water.	> 1000000 mg/l	
Biodegradability: Information not available.		
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential.		
NITRIC ACID		
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water.	< 3	
12.4. Mobility in soil.		
Information not available.		
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessmen	t.	
On the basis of available data, the product does	s not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%	
12.6. Other adverse effects.		

Information not available.

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## **SECTION 13.** Disposal considerations.

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods.

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

Waste transportation may be subject to dangerous goods transport regulations. CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

## **SECTION 14. Transport information.**

#### 14.1. UN number.

ADR / RID, IMDG,	UN: 3264
IATA:	

#### 14.2. UN proper shipping name.

ADR / RID:	CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (NITRIC ACID)
IMDG:	CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC,
	INORGANIC,
	N.O.S. (NITRIC
	ACID)
IATA:	

14.3. Transport hazard class(es).

ADR / RID:	Class: 8	Label: 8
IMDG:	Class: 8	Label: 8
IATA:	Class: 8	Label: 8

# 14.4. Packing group.

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA:	III
14.5. Environmental hazards.	
ADR / RID: NO	
14.6. Special precautions for user.	

ADR / RID:

Nr. Kemler: 80

Limited Quantity 5 L

Tunnel restriction

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	Special Provision: -	I	code (E)	
IMDG:	EMS: F-A, S-B	Limited Quantity 5 L		
IATA:	Cargo:	Maximum quantity: 60 L	Packaging instructions: 856	
	Pass.:	Maximum quantity: 5 L	Packaging instructions: 852	
	Special Instructions:	A3, A803	002	

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code.

Information not relevant.

## **SECTION 15.** Regulatory information.

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture.

U.S. Federal Regulations.

Clean Air Act Section 112(b):

No component(s) listed.

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances:

No component(s) listed.

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances:

No component(s) listed.

<u>Clean Water Act –</u> Priority Pollutants:

No component(s) listed.

<u>Clean Water Act –</u> <u>Toxic Pollutants:</u>

No component(s) listed.

DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals):

No component(s) listed.

DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals):

No component(s) listed.

EPA List of Lists:

313 Category Code:

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7697-37-2 EPCRA 302 EHS TPQ:	NITRIC ACID	
7697-37-2 EPCRA 304 EHS RQ:	NITRIC ACID	
7697-37-2 CERCLA RQ:	NITRIC ACID	
7697-37-2 EPCRA 313 TRI:	NITRIC ACID	
7697-37-2 RCRA Code:	NITRIC ACID	
No component(s) listed.		
CAA 112 (r) RMP TQ:		
No component(s) listed.		
State Regulations.		
Massachussetts:		
7697-37-2	NITRIC ACID	
Minnesota:		
7697-37-2 New Jersey:	NITRIC ACID	
7697-37-2 <u>New York:</u>	NITRIC ACID	
7697-37-2 <u>Pennsylvania:</u>	NITRIC ACID	
7697-37-2 <u>California:</u>	NITRIC ACID	
7697-37-2 Proposition 65:	NITRIC ACID	
International Regulations.		
Substances subject to exportation reporting pursu	ant to (EC) Reg. 649/2012:	
None.		
Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:		

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None.

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None.

Candadian WHMIS.

Information not available.

## **SECTION 16.** Other information.

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Ox. Liq. 3 Oxidising liquid, category 3 Skin Corr. 1A Skin corrosion, category 1A Skin Corr. 1B Skin corrosion, category 1B Skin Corr. 1C Skin corrosion, category 1C Eye Dam. 1 Serious eye damage, category 1 Eye Irrit. 2 Eye irritation, category 2 Skin Irrit. 2 Skin irritation, category 2 H272 May intensify fire; oxidiser. H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H315 Causes skin irritation.

LEGEND:

- 313 CATEGORY CODE: Emergency Planning and Community Right-to Know Act Section 313 Category Code
- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- CAA 112 ® RMP TQ: Risk Management Plan Threshold Quantity (Clean Air Act Section 112®)

- CAS NUMBER: Chemical Abstract Service Number

- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CERCLA RQ: Reportable Quantity (Comprehensive Environment Response, Compensation, and Liability Act)
- CLP: EC Regulation 1272/2008
- DEA: Drug Enforcement Administration
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- EPA: US Environmental Protection Agency
- EPCRA: Emergency Planning and Community Right-to Know Act
- EPCRA 302 EHS TPQ: Extremely Hazardous Substance Threshold Planning Quantity (Section 302 Category Code)
- EPCRA 304 EHS RQ: Extremely Hazardous Substance Reportable Quantity (Section 304 Category Code)
- EPCRA 313 TRI: Toxics Release Inventory (Section 313 Category Code)
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- RCRA Code: Resource Conservation and Recovery Act Code
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.

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- TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System.
GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY:
- GHS rev. 3
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- Niosh - Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances
- INRS - Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty - Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax - Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- ECHA website
- 6 NYCRR part 597
- Cal/OSHA website
- California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act
- EPA website
- Hazard Comunication Standard (HCS 2012)
- IARC website
- List Of Lists EPA: Consolidated List of Chemicals Subject to EPCRA, CERCLA and Section 112® of the Clean Air Act
- Massachussetts 105 CMR Department of public health 670.000: "Right to Know"
- Minensota Chapter 5206 Departemnt Of Labor and Industry Hazardous Substances, Employee "Right to Know".
- New Jersey Worker and Community Right to know Act N.J.S.A.
- NTP. 2011. Report on Carcinogens, 12th Edition.
- OSHA website
- Pennsylvania, Hazardous Substance List, Chapter 323
Note for users:
The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability ar
thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.
This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.
The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safe
laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.
Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

Changes to previous review: The following sections were modified: 03 / 16.