EXAXOL CHEMI	Revision nr. 1 Dated 24/11/2015	
P6245 - Potassiur	Printed on 11/24/2015	
Safety data sheet ac	cording to U.S.A. Fede	Page n. 1/12
SECTION 1. Identification of the subs	-	
1.1. Product identifier		
Code: Product name	P6245 Potassium Hydroxide 50% w/v	
1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or m   Intended use For Laboratory Use C		
1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet Name	EXAXOL CHEMICAL CORPORATION	
Full address District and Country	14325 60 TH ST N 33760 CLEARWATER - FLORIDA US	
	Tel. 1-727-524-7732 Fax 1-727-532-8221	
e-mail address	info@exaxol.com	
<b>1.4. Emergency telephone number</b> For urgent inquiries refer to	1-800-255-3924 ChemTel Inc.	
SECTION 2. Hazards identification.		
2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture.		
he product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the roduct thus requires a safety datasheet. ny additional information concerning the risks for healt		
lassification and Hazard Statement. Acute toxicity, category 4 Skin corrosion, category 1A Serious eye damage, category 1	Harmful if swallowed. Causes severe skin bu Causes serious eye da	Irns and eye damage.
Signal words: Danger		
lazard statements:		

H302 H314 Harmful if swallowed. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

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Precautionary statements:

Prevention:	
P260	Do not breathe dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray.
P264	Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P270	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P280	Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.
Response:	
P301+P312	IF SWALLOWED: call a POISON CENTER / doctor if you feel unwell.
P301+P330+P331	IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting.
P303+P361+P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water / shower.
P304+P340	IF INHALED: remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue
	rinsing.
P310	Immediately call a POISON CENTER / doctor.
P321	Specific treatment (see label).
P330	Rinse mouth.
P363	Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
Storage:	
P405	Store locked up.
Disposal:	
P501	Dispose of contents / container to an approved waste disposal plant.

2.2. Other hazards.

The product is not classified as hazardous for environment pursuant to the provisions set forth in EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP).

### **SECTION 3.** Composition/information on ingredients.

#### 3.1. Substances.

Information not relevant.

#### 3.2. Mixtures.

Contains:

Identification.	Conc. %.	Classification:
WATER		
CAS. 7732-18-5	50 - 100	
POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE		
CAS. 1310-58-3	50 - 100	Substance or mixture corrosive to metals, category 1 H290, Acute toxicity, category 4 H302, Skin

Note: Upper limit is not included into the range.

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

## **SECTION 4. First aid measures.**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures.

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 30-60 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. Get medical

corrosion, category 1A H314

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advice/attention.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention.

INGESTION: Have the subject drink as much water as possible. Get medical advice/attention. Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly authorised by a doctor.

INHALATION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Remove victim to fresh air, away from the accident scene. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Take suitable precautions for rescue workers.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed.

For symptoms and effects caused by the contained substances, see chap. 11.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed.

Information not available.

### **SECTION 5. Firefighting measures.**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media.

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT The extinguishing equipment should be of the conventional kind: carbon dioxide, foam, powder and water spray. UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT None in particular.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture.

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE Do not breathe combustion products.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters.

#### GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations. SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

### **SECTION 6.** Accidental release measures.

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures.

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

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# 6.2. Environmental precautions.

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up.

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material. Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Check incompatibility for container material in section 7. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections.

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

### **SECTION 7. Handling and storage.**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling.

Ensure that there is an adequate earthing system for the equipment and personnel. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Do not breathe powders, vapours or mists. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Wash hands after use. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities.

Store only in the original container. Store in a ventilated and dry place, far away from sources of ignition. Keep containers well sealed. Keep the product in clearly labelled containers. Avoid overheating. Avoid violent blows. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s).

Information not available.

### **SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection.**

#### 8.1. Control parameters.

Regulatory References:

USA	NIOSH-REL	NIOSH publication No. 2005-149, 3th printing, 2007.
USA	CAL/OSHA-PEL	California Division of Occupational Safety and Health (Cal-OSHA) Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs).
	TLV-ACGIH	ACGIH 2014

POTASSIUM HYDROX Threshold Limit Value						
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
TLV-ACGIH	-			2 (C)		

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CAL/OSHA	USA	2		
NIOSH	USA	2	2 (C)	
8.2. Exposure cont	rols.			
hrough effective local When choosing perso Personal protective ec	aspiration.	ent, ask your chemic v with current regulat	cal substance supplier for advice.	ment, make sure that the workplace is well aired
Tovido un omorgono				
The following should b	tegory III work gloves be considered when cl	hoosing work glove r	material: compatibility, degradation, failu	re time and permeability. le. The gloves' wear time depends on the duratior
	essional long-sleeved		footwear (see Directive 89/686/EEC and	d standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap

EYE PROTECTION

Wear a hood visor or protective visor combined with airtight goggles (OSHA 29 CFR 1910.133).

In the presence of risks of exposure to splashes or squirts during work, adequate mouth, nose and eye protection should be used to prevent accidental absorption.

#### RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, wear a mask with a NIOSH certified filter, whose class must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration (NIOSH 42 CFR 84, OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus or external air-intake breathing apparatus. For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard NIOSH 42 CFR 84 and OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134.

### ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS.

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

## **SECTION 9.** Physical and chemical properties.

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties.

Appearance Colour Odour Odour threshold. pH. Melting point / freezing point. Initial boiling point. Boiling range. Flash point. Evaporation Rate Flammability of solids and gases Lower inflammability limit.	Not available. Not available.
Lower inflammability limit. Upper inflammability limit.	

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Not available. Not available. Not available. 1.342 Kg/l Not available. Revision nr. 1 Dated 24/11/2015

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Lower explosive limit.
Upper explosive limit.
Vapour pressure.
Vapour density
Relative density.
Solubility
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water
Auto-ignition temperature.
Decomposition temperature.
Viscosity
Explosive properties
Oxidising properties

#### 9.2. Other information.

Information not available.

## **SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity.**

#### 10.1. Reactivity.

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE: potential for exothermic hazard. May be corrosive to metals.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability.

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE: stable under recommended storage conditions.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions.

No hazardous reactions are foreseeable in normal conditions of use and storage.

POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE: gives off hydrogen by reaction with metals. Exothermic reaction with strong acids. Reacts violently with water.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid.

None in particular. However the usual precautions used for chemical products should be respected.

POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE: unstable on exposure to air. Freezing.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials.

POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE: keep away from: heat sources, oxidizing agents, acids, highly flammable materials, halogens, organic materials. Keep away from: lead, aluminium, copper, tin, zinc, bronze.

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products.

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POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE: absorbs the atmospheric CO2. Hydrogen: reacts with (some) metals and their compounds; release of highly flammable gas.

## **SECTION 11. Toxicological information.**

#### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification. It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

Acute effects: ingestion of this product is harmful. Even small amounts of product may cause serious health problems (stomach pain, nausea, sickness, diarrhoea).

This product is corrosive and causes serious burns and vesicles on the skin, which can arise even after exposure. Burns are very stinging and painful. Upon contact with eyes, it may cause serious harm, such as cornea opacity, iris lesions, irreversible eye coloration. The vapors and/or powders are caustic for the respiratory system and may cause pulmonary edema, whose symptoms sometimes arise only after some hours.

Exposure symptoms may include: sting, cough, asthma, laryngitis, respiratory disorders, headache, nausea and sickness.

If swallowed, it may cause mouth, throat and oesophagus burns, sickness, diarrhoea, edema, larynx swelling and, consequently, asphyxia. Perforation of the gastro-intestinal tract is also possible.

This product may cause serious ocular lesions, cornea opacity, iris lesions, irreversible eye coloration.

#### POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE LD50 (Oral).333 mg/kg Rat

### **SECTION 12. Ecological information.**

Use this product according to good working practices. Avoid littering. Inform the competent authorities, should the product reach waterways or sewers or contaminate soil or vegetation.

12.1. Toxicity. Information not available.

12.2. Persistence and degradability.

POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE

Solubility in water.

> 10000 mg/l

Biodegradability: Information not available.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential.

Information not available.

12.4. Mobility in soil.

Information not available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment.

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On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

#### 12.6. Other adverse effects.

Information not available.

## **SECTION 13. Disposal considerations.**

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods.

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

Waste transportation may be subject to dangerous goods transport regulations. CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

## **SECTION 14. Transport information.**

#### 14.1. UN number.

ADR / RID, IMDG,	UN: 1814
IATA:	

#### 14.2. UN proper shipping name.

ADR / RID:	POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE
IMDG:	SOLUTION
IMDO.	HYDROXIDE
	SOLUTION

IATA:

#### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es).

ADR / RID:	Class: 8	Label: 8	
IMDG:	Class: 8	Label: 8	4
IATA:	Class: 8	Label: 8	

#### 14.4. Packing group.

ADR / RID, IMDG,	II	
IATA:		

#### 14.5. Environmental hazards.

ADR / RID:

NO



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ADR / RID:	Nr. Kemler: 80	Limited Quantity 1 L	Tunnel restriction	
	Special Provision: -		code (E)	
IMDG:	EMS: F-A, S-B	Limited Quantity 1 L		
IATA:	Cargo:	Maximum quantity: 30 L	Packaging instructions: 855	
	Pass.:	Maximum quantity: 1 L	Packaging instructions: 851	
	Special Instructions:	A3, A803		
14.7. Transport in bulk acco	ording to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC	Code.		
Information not relevant.				
SECTION 15. Regu	latory information.			
	nvironmental regulations/legislation specific for	the substance or mixture.		
J.S. Federal Regulations.				
ISCA:				
All components are listed on <sup>-</sup>	TSCA Inventory.			
Clean Air Act Section 112(b):				
No component(s) listed.				
Clean Air Act Section 602 Cla	ass I Substances:			
No component(s) listed.				
Clean Air Act Section 602 Cla	ass II Substances:			
No component(s) listed.				
<u>Clean Water Act –</u> Priority Pollutants:				
No component(s) listed.				
<u> Clean Water Act –</u> Toxic Pollutants:				
No component(s) listed.				
DEA List I Chemicals (Precur	sor Chemicals):			
No component(s) listed.				

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DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals):		
No component(s) listed.		
EPA List of Lists:		
313 Category Code:		
No component(s) listed.		
EPCRA 302 EHS TPQ:		
No component(s) listed.		
EPCRA 304 EHS RQ:		
No component(s) listed.		
CERCLA RQ:		
1310-58-3 EPCRA 313 TRI:	POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE	
No component(s) listed.		
RCRA Code:		
No component(s) listed.		
CAA 112 (r) RMP TQ:		
No component(s) listed.		
State Regulations.		
Massachussetts:		
1310-58-3	POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE	
Minnesota:		
1310-58-3 <u>New Jersey:</u>	POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE	
1310-58-3 <u>New York:</u>	POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE	
1310-58-3 Pennsylvania:	POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE	
1310-58-3 California:	POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE	

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1310-58-3

POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE

Proposition 65:

International Regulations.

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to (EC) Reg. 649/2012:

None.

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None.

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None.

Candadian WHMIS.

Information not available.

## **SECTION 16.** Other information.

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Met. Corr. 1	Substance or mixture corrosive to metals, category 1	
Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity, category 4	
Skin Corr. 1A	Skin corrosion, category 1A	
Skin Corr. 1B	Skin corrosion, category 1B	
Skin Corr. 1C	Skin corrosion, category 1C	
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage, category 1	
Eye Irrit. 2	Eye irritation, category 2	
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin irritation, category 2	
H290	May be corrosive to metals.	
H302	Harmful if swallowed.	
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.	
H318	Causes serious eye damage.	
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.	
H315	Causes skin irritation.	

LEGEND:

- 313 CATEGORY CODE: Emergency Planning and Community Right-to Know Act Section 313 Category Code

ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road

- CAA 112 & RMP TQ: Risk Management Plan Threshold Quantity (Clean Air Act Section 112®) CAS NUMBER: Chemical Abstract Service Number

CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)

CERCLA RQ: Reportable Quantity (Comprehensive Environment Response, Compensation, and Liability Act)

CLP: EC Regulation 1272/2008

DEA: Drug Enforcement Administration

EmS: Emergency Schedule

EPA: US Environmental Protection Agency

- EPCRA: Emergency Planning and Community Right-to Know Act

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- EPCRA 302 EHS TPQ: Extremely Hazardous Substance Threshold Planning Quantity (Section 302 Category Code)
- EPCRA 304 EHS RQ: Extremely Hazardous Substance Reportable Quantity (Section 304 Category Code)
- EPCRA 313 TRI: Toxics Release Inventory (Section 313 Category Code)
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
PEL: Predicted exposure level
- RCRA Code: Resource Conservation and Recovery Act Code
- REL: Recommended exposure limit
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds - WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System.
אין איוס, איסוקאמטב רומבמועטעט אומנכוומוט וווטווומנוטון טאטנפווו.
GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY:
- GHS rev. 3
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- Niosh - Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances
- INRS - Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty - Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax - Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- ECHA website
- 6 NYCRR part 597
- Cal/OSHA website - California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act
- EPA website
- Hazard Comunication Standard (HCS 2012)
- IARC website
- List Of Lists EPA: Consolidated List of Chemicals Subject to EPCRA, CERCLA and Section 112® of the Clean Air Act
- Massachussetts 105 CMR Department of public health 670.000: "Right to Know"
- Minensota Chapter 5206 Departemnt Of Labor and Industry Hazardous Substances, Employee "Right to Know".
- New Jersey Worker and Community Right to know Act N.J.S.A.
- NTP. 2011. Report on Carcinogens, 12th Edition.
- OSHA website
- Pennsylvania, Hazardous Substance List, Chapter 323
Note for users:
The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and
thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.
This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.
The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety
laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.
Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.