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Revision nr. 1

Dated 10/9/2015

Printed on 9/10/2015

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# Safety data sheet according to U.S.A. Federal Hazcom 2012

### SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Code: **P6238** 

Product name Potassium Hydroxide Pellets ACS

 INDEX number
 019-002-00-8

 EC number
 215-181-3

 CAS number
 1310-58-3

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use For Laboratory Use Only.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name EXAXOL CHEMICAL CORPORATION

Full address 14325 60 TH ST N

District and Country 33760 CLEARWATER - FLORIDA

US

Tel. 1-727-524-7732 Fax 1-727-532-8221

e-mail address

info@exaxol.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to 1-800-255-3924

ChemTel Inc.

### **SECTION 2. Hazards identification.**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture.

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (HCS) (29 CFR 1910.1200). The product thus requires a safety datasheet.

Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Classification and Hazard Statement.

Substance or mixture corrosive to metals, category 1 Acute toxicity, category 4 Skin corrosion, category 1A Serious eye damage, category 1 May be corrosive to metals. Harmful if swallowed. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Causes serious eye damage.





Signal words:

Danger

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### Hazard statements:

**H290** May be corrosive to metals. **H302** Harmful if swallowed.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

#### Precautionary statements:

Prevention:

**P234** Keep only in original container.

P260 Do not breathe dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray.

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

**P270** Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P280 Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.

Response:

P301+P312 IF SWALLOWED: call a POISON CENTER / doctor if you feel unwell.

P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water / shower.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue

rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER / doctor.

P321 Specific treatment (see label).

P330 Rinse mouth.

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
P390 Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.

Storage:

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents / container to an approved waste disposal plant.

### 2.2. Other hazards.

The product is not classified as hazardous for environment pursuant to the provisions set forth in EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP).

### **SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients.**

#### 3.1. Substances.

Contains:

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

Identification. Conc. %. Classification:

POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE

CAS. 1310-58-3 100 Substance or mixture

corrosive to metals, category 1 H290, Acute toxicity, category 4 H302, Skin corrosion, category 1A H314

3.2. Mixtures.

3.2. Mixtures.

Information not relevant.

### **SECTION 4. First aid measures.**

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### 4.1. Description of first aid measures.

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 30-60 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. Get medical advice/attention.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention.

INGESTION: Have the subject drink as much water as possible. Get medical advice/attention. Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly authorised by a doctor.

INHALATION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Remove victim to fresh air, away from the accident scene. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Take suitable precautions for rescue workers.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed.

For symptoms and effects caused by the contained substances, see chap. 11.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed.

Information not available.

### **SECTION 5. Firefighting measures.**

### 5.1. Extinguishing media.

### SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

The extinguishing equipment should be of the conventional kind: carbon dioxide, foam, powder and water spray.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

None in particular.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture.

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Do not breathe combustion products.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters.

#### GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

### SECTION 6. Accidental release measures.

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures.

If there are no contraindications, spray powder with water to prevent the formation of dust. Avoid breathing vapours/mists/gases.

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Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions.

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up.

Use spark-proof mechanical equipment to collect the leaked product and place it in containers for recovery or disposal. If there are no contraindications, use jets of water to eliminate product residues.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Check incompatibility for container material in section 7. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections.

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

### SECTION 7. Handling and storage.

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling.

Ensure that there is an adequate earthing system for the equipment and personnel. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Do not breathe powders, vapours or mists. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Wash hands after use. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities.

Store only in the original container. Store in a ventilated and dry place, far away from sources of ignition. Keep containers well sealed. Keep the product in clearly labelled containers. Avoid overheating. Avoid violent blows. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s).

Information not available.

### **SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection.**

#### 8.1. Control parameters.

Regulatory References:

USA NIOSH-REL NIOSH publication No. 2005-149, 3th printing, 2007.

USA CAL/OSHA-PEL California Division of Occupational Safety and Health (Cal-OSHA)

Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs).

TLV-ACGIH ACGIH 2014

### **POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE**

Threshold Limit Value.

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Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm
TLV-ACGIH -	-			2 (C)	
CAL/OSHA (	USA	2			
NIOSH	USA			2 (C)	

#### 8.2. Exposure controls.

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must comply with current regulations.

In the case of prolonged contact with the product, protect the hands with penetration-resistant work gloves (OSHA 29 CFR 1910.138). Work glove material must be chosen according to the use process and the products that may form. Latex gloves may cause sensitivity reactions.

#### SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category I professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Directive 89/686/EEC and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

#### EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (OSHA 29 CFR 1910.133).

#### RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

None required, unless indicated otherwise in the chemical risk assessment.

#### ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS.

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards

### **SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties.**

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties.

Appearance Not available. Colour Not available. Odour Not available. Odour threshold. Not available. Not available. Melting point / freezing point. Not available. Initial boiling point. Not applicable. Boiling range. Not available. Not applicable. Flash point. Evaporation Rate Not available. Flammability of solids and gases Not available. Lower inflammability limit. Not available Upper inflammability limit. Not available. Lower explosive limit. Not available. Upper explosive limit. Not available. Vapour pressure. Not available. Vapour density Not available. Relative density. 2.040 Kg/l Solubility Not available. Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water Not available. Auto-ignition temperature. Not available. Decomposition temperature. Not available. Viscosity Not available Explosive properties Not available.

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Not available.

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Oxidising properties

9.2. Other information.

Information not available.

### SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity.

#### 10.1. Reactivity.

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE: potential for exothermic hazard. May be corrosive to metals.

### 10.2. Chemical stability.

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE: stable under recommended storage conditions.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions.

No hazardous reactions are foreseeable in normal conditions of use and storage.

POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE: gives off hydrogen by reaction with metals. Exothermic reaction with strong acids. Reacts violently with water.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid.

None in particular. However the usual precautions used for chemical products should be respected.

POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE: unstable on exposure to air. Freezing.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials.

POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE: keep away from: heat sources, oxidizing agents, acids, highly flammable materials, halogens, organic materials. Keep away from: lead, aluminium, copper, tin, zinc, bronze.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products.

POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE: absorbs the atmospheric CO2. Hydrogen: reacts with (some) metals and their compounds; release of highly flammable gas.

### **SECTION 11. Toxicological information.**

#### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

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Acute effects: ingestion of this product is harmful. Even small amounts of product may cause serious health problems (stomach pain, nausea, sickness, diarrhoea).

This product is corrosive and causes serious burns and vesicles on the skin, which can arise even after exposure. Burns are very stinging and painful. Upon contact with eyes, it may cause serious harm, such as cornea opacity, iris lesions, irreversible eye coloration. The vapors and/or powders are caustic for the respiratory system and may cause pulmonary edema, whose symptoms sometimes arise only after some hours.

Exposure symptoms may include: sting, cough, asthma, laryngitis, respiratory disorders, headache, nausea and sickness.

If swallowed, it may cause mouth, throat and oesophagus burns, sickness, diarrhoea, edema, larynx swelling and, consequently, asphyxia. Perforation of the gastro-intestinal tract is also possible.

This product may cause serious ocular lesions, cornea opacity, iris lesions, irreversible eye coloration.

POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE LD50 (Oral).333 mg/kg Rat

### **SECTION 12. Ecological information.**

Use this product according to good working practices. Avoid littering. Inform the competent authorities, should the product reach waterways or sewers or contaminate soil or vegetation.

#### 12.1. Toxicity.

Information not available.

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability.

POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE

Solubility in water.

> 10000 mg/l

Biodegradability: Information not available.

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential.

Information not available.

### 12.4. Mobility in soil.

Information not available.

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment.

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

#### 12.6. Other adverse effects.

Information not available.

### **SECTION 13. Disposal considerations.**

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods.

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Reuse, when possible. Neat product residues should be considered special non-hazardous waste.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

Waste transportation may be subject to dangerous goods transport regulations.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

### **SECTION 14. Transport information.**

#### 14.1. UN number.

ADR / RID, IMDG, UN: 1813

IATA:

### 14.2. UN proper shipping name.

ADR / RID: **POTASSIUM** 

HYDROXIDE,

SOLID

IMDG: **POTASSIUM** 

HYDROXIDE,

SOLID

IATA:

#### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es).

ADR / RID: Class: 8 Label: 8

IMDG: Class: 8 Label: 8

IATA: Class: 8 Label: 8



### 14.4. Packing group.

ADR / RID, IMDG, П

IATA:

### 14.5. Environmental hazards.

ADR / RID: NO

### 14.6. Special precautions for user.

ADR / RID: Nr. Kemler: 80 Limited Tunnel restriction Quantity 1 kg code (E)

Special Provision: -

IMDG: EMS: F-A, S-B Limited Quantity 1 kg

IATA: Maximum Cargo: Packaging quantity: 50 instructions:

> Pass.: Maximum Packaging quantity: 15 instructions:

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P6238 - Potassium Hydroxide Pellets ACS Page n. 9/12 Special Instructions: 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code. Information not relevant. **SECTION 15. Regulatory information.** 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture. U.S. Federal Regulations. TSCA: All components are listed on TSCA Inventory. Clean Air Act Section 112(b): No component(s) listed. Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances: No component(s) listed. Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances: No component(s) listed. Clean Water Act -Priority Pollutants: No component(s) listed. Clean Water Act – Toxic Pollutants: No component(s) listed. DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals): No component(s) listed. DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals): No component(s) listed. EPA List of Lists: 313 Category Code: No component(s) listed. EPCRA 302 EHS TPQ:

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P6238 - Potassium Hydroxide Pellets ACS Page n. 10/12 No component(s) listed. EPCRA 304 EHS RQ: No component(s) listed. CERCLA RQ: 1310-58-3 POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE EPCRA 313 TRI: No component(s) listed. RCRA Code: No component(s) listed. CAA 112 (r) RMP TQ: No component(s) listed. State Regulations. Massachussetts: 1310-58-3 POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE Minnesota: 1310-58-3 POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE New Jersey: 1310-58-3 POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE New York: 1310-58-3 POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE Pennsylvania: POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE 1310-58-3 California: 1310-58-3 POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE Proposition 65: International Regulations. Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to (EC) Reg. 649/2012: None. Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

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None.

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None.

Candadian WHMIS.

Information not available.

### **SECTION 16. Other information.**

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Met. Corr. 1 Substance or mixture corrosive to metals, category 1

Acute Tox. 4 Acute toxicity, category 4

Skin Corr. 1A Skin corrosion, category 1A

Skin Corr. 1B Skin corrosion, category 1B

Skin Corr. 1C Skin corrosion, category 1C

Eye Dam. 1 Serious eye damage, category 1

Eye Irrit. 2 Eye irritation, category 2
Skin Irrit. 2 Skin irritation, category 2
H290 May be corrosive to metals.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

#### LEGEND:

- 313 CATEGORY CODE: Emergency Planning and Community Right-to Know Act Section 313 Category Code
- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- CAA 112 ® RMP TQ: Risk Management Plan Threshold Quantity (Clean Air Act Section 112®)
- CAS NUMBER: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CERCLA RQ: Reportable Quantity (Comprehensive Environment Response, Compensation, and Liability Act)
- CLP: EC Regulation 1272/2008
- DEA: Drug Enforcement Administration
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- EPA: US Environmental Protection Agency
- EPCRA: Emergency Planning and Community Right-to Know Act
- EPCRA 302 EHS TPQ: Extremely Hazardous Substance Threshold Planning Quantity (Section 302 Category Code)
- · EPCRA 304 EHS RQ: Extremely Hazardous Substance Reportable Quantity (Section 304 Category Code)
- EPCRA 313 TRI: Toxics Release Inventory (Section 313 Category Code)
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- RCRA Code: Resource Conservation and Recovery Act Code
- REL: Recommended exposure limit
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value

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- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System.

### GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY:

- GHS rev. 3
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- Niosh Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- ECHA website
- 6 NYCRR part 597
- Cal/OSHA website
- California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act
- EPA website
- Hazard Comunication Standard (HCS 2012)
- IARC website
- List Of Lists EPA: Consolidated List of Chemicals Subject to EPCRA, CERCLA and Section 112® of the Clean Air Act
- Massachussetts 105 CMR Department of public health 670.000: "Right to Know"
- Minensota Chapter 5206 Departemnt Of Labor and Industry Hazardous Substances, Employee "Right to Know".
- New Jersey Worker and Community Right to know Act N.J.S.A.
- NTP. 2011. Report on Carcinogens, 12th Edition.
- OSHA website
- Pennsylvania, Hazardous Substance List, Chapter 323

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.