EXAXOL CHEM	CAL CORPORATION	Revision nr. 1 Dated 1/11/2017		
H3402 - Hydrog	Printed on 11/1/2017 Page n. 1/12			
Safety data sheet according to U.S.A. Federal Hazcom 2012				
SECTION 1. Identification of the sub	stance/mixture and of the company	y/undertaking		
1.1. Product identifier Code: Product name	H3402 Hydrogen Peroxide 3% w/w			
1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or indexed use Intended use For laboratory use of the substance or indexed use				
1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data shee Name Full address District and Country	t EXAXOL CHEMICAL CORPORATION 14325 60 TH ST N 33760 CLEARWATER - FLORIDA US Tel. 1-727-524-7732			
e-mail address	Fax 1-727-532-8221			
1.4. Emergency telephone number For urgent inquiries refer to	1-800-255-3924 ChemTel Inc.			
SECTION 2. Hazards identification.				
2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture.				
The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the product thus requires a safety datasheet. Any additional information concerning the risks for heal				
Classification and Hazard Statement. Skin corrosion, category 1A Serious eye damage, category 1	Causes severe skin burn Causes serious eye dam			
Signal words: Danger				
Hazard statements:				
H314 Causes severe skin burns	and eye damage.			

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Precautionary statements:

Prevention:	
P260	Do not breathe dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray.
P264	Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P280	Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.
Response:	
P301+P330+P331	IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting.
P303+P361+P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water / shower.
P304+P340	IF INHALED: remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue
	rinsing.
P310	Immediately call a POISON CENTER / doctor.
P321	Specific treatment (see label).
P363	Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
Storage:	
P405	Store locked up.
Disposal:	
P501	Dispose of contents / container to an approved waste disposal plant.

2.2. Other hazards.

The product is not classified as hazardous for environment pursuant to the provisions set forth in EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP).

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients.

3.1. Substances.

Information not relevant.

3.2. Mixtures.

Contains:

Identification. WATER	Conc. %.	Classification:
CAS. 7732-18-5	50 - 100	
HYDROGEN PEROXIDE SOLUTION		
CAS. 7722-84-1	9 - 20	Oxidising liquid, category 1 H271, Acute toxicity, category 4 H302, Acute toxicity, category 4 H332, Skin corrosion, category 1A H314, Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3 H335

Note: Upper limit is not included into the range.

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

SECTION 4. First aid measures.

4.1. Description of first aid measures.

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 30-60 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. Get medical advice/attention.

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SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention.

INGESTION: Have the subject drink as much water as possible. Get medical advice/attention. Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly authorised by a doctor

INHALATION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Remove victim to fresh air, away from the accident scene. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Take suitable precautions for rescue workers.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed.

For symptoms and effects caused by the contained substances, see chap. 11.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed.

Information not available.

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures.

5.1. Extinguishing media.

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Extinguishing substances are: carbon dioxide and chemical powder. For product loss or leakage that has not caught fire, water spray can be used to disperse flammable vapours and protect those trying to stem the leak.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Do not use jets of water.

Water is not effective for putting out fires but can be used to cool containers exposed to flames to prevent explosions.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture.

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE If large quantities of the product are involved in a fire, they can make it considerably worse. Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters.

GENERAL INFORMATION

In the case of fire, use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent the risk of explosions (product decomposition and excess pressure) and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Remove all containers containing the product from the fire, if it is safe to do so.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures.

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures.

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

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6.2. Environmental precautions.

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up.

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Check incompatibility for container material in section 7. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections.

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage.

7.1. Precautions for safe handling.

Ensure that there is an adequate earthing system for the equipment and personnel. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Do not breathe powders, vapours or mists. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Wash hands after use. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities.

Store only in the original container. Store in a ventilated and dry place, far away from sources of ignition. Keep containers well sealed. Keep the product in clearly labelled containers. Avoid overheating. Avoid violent blows. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

7.3. Specific end use(s).

Information not available.

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection.

8.1. Control parameters.

Regulatory References:

USA	NIOSH-REL	NIOSH publication No. 2005-149, 3th printing, 2007.
USA	OSHA-PEL	Occupational Exposure Limits - Limits for Air Contaminants TABLE Z-1- 1910.1000.
USA	CAL/OSHA-PEL	California Division of Occupational Safety and Health (Cal-OSHA) Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs).
	TLV-ACGIH	ACGIH 2014

HYDROGEN PEROXIDE SOLUTION Threshold Limit Value.

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Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm
TLV-ACGIH	-	1.4	1		
OSHA	USA	1.4	1		
CAL/OSHA	USA	1.4	1		
NIOSH	USA	1.4	1		

8.2. Exposure controls.

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice. Personal protective equipment must comply with current regulations.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves (OSHA 29 CFR 1910.138).

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category III professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Directive 89/686/EEC and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear a hood visor or protective visor combined with airtight goggles (OSHA 29 CFR 1910.133).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, wear a mask with a NIOSH certified filter, whose class must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration (NIOSH 42 CFR 84, OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus or external air-intake breathing apparatus. For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard NIOSH 42 CFR 84 and OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS.

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties.

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties.

Appearance	Not available.
Colour	Not available.
Odour	Not available.
Odour threshold.	Not available.
pH.	Not available.
Melting point / freezing point.	Not available.
Initial boiling point.	Not available.
Boiling range.	Not available.
Flash point.	> 93 °C.
Evaporation Rate	Not available.
Flammability of solids and gases	Not available.

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Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. 1.012 Kg/l Not available. Not available.

Not available.

9.2. Other information.

Information not available.

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity.

10.1. Reactivity.

HYDROGEN PEROXIDE SOLUTION: decomposes rapidly with risk of explosion due to the effect of light, heat and contact with alkaline metals.

10.2. Chemical stability.

Information not available.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions.

The product may react violently with water.

10.4. Conditions to avoid.

Avoid overheating. Prevent moisture or water from penetrating inside the containers.

HYDROGEN PEROXIDE SOLUTION: exposure to light, heat and alkaline substances.

10.5. Incompatible materials.

HYDROGEN PEROXIDE SOLUTION: flammable substances, acetone, ethanol, glycerol, organic sulphides, hydrated bases, oxidisable materials, iron, copper, bronze, chromium, zinc, lead, silver, manganese and acetic acid.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products.

Information not available.

SECTION 11. Toxicological information.

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11.1. Information on toxicological effects. In the absence of experimental data for the prithe criteria specified in the applicable regula hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to This product is corrosive and causes serious Upon contact with eyes, it may cause serious caustic for the respiratory system and may cau Exposure symptoms may include: sting, cough If swallowed, it may cause mouth, throat and content the gastro-intestinal tract is also possible.	roduct itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties ation for classification. It is therefore necessary to take into accour to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product. burns and vesicles on the skin, which can arise even after exposure s harm, such as cornea opacity, iris lesions, irreversible eye colora use pulmonary edema, whose symptoms sometimes arise only after s h, asthma, laryngitis, respiratory disorders, headache, nausea and sicl besophagus burns, sickness, diarrhoea, edema, larynx swelling and, o s, cornea opacity, iris lesions, irreversible eye coloration.	Page n. 7/12 es of the substances it contains, using nt the concentration of the individual e. Burns are very stinging and painful. ttion. The vapors and/or powders are ome hours. kness.	
ACGIH:: A3 IARC:3			
SECTION 12. Ecological inform	nation.		
Use this product according to good working pr contaminate soil or vegetation. 12.1. Toxicity. Information not available.	ractices. Avoid littering. Inform the competent authorities, should the p	product reach waterways or sewers or	
12.2. Persistence and degradability.			
HYDROGEN PEROXIDE SOLUTION: easily b	iodegradable.		
HYDROGEN PEROXIDE SOLUTION Solubility in water.	100000 mg/l		
Rapidly biodegradable.			
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential.			
HYDROGEN PEROXIDE SOLUTION Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water.	-1.57		
12.4. Mobility in soil.			
Information not available.			
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessme	nt.		

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On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

12.6. Other adverse effects.

Information not available.

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations.

13.1. Waste treatment methods.

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations. Waste transportation may be subject to dangerous goods transport regulations.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

SECTION 14. Transport information.

14.1. UN number.

ADR / RID, IMDG, UN: 2984 IATA:

14.2. UN proper shipping name.

ADR / RID:	HYDROGEN PEROXIDE, AQUEOUS
IMDG:	SOLUTION HYDROGEN PEROXIDE.
	AQUEOUS SOLUTION

IATA:

14.3. Transport hazard class(es).

ADR / RID:	Class: 5.1	Label: 5.1
IMDG:	Class: 5.1	Label: 5.1
IATA:	Class: 5.1	Label: 5.1



14.4. Packing group.

ADR / RID, IMDG,	III	
IATA:		

14.5. Environmental hazards.

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ADR / RID: NO

14.6. Special precautions for user.

ADR / RID:	Nr. Kemler: 50 Special Provision: -	Limited Quantity 5 L	Tunnel restriction code (E)
IMDG:	EMS: F-H, S-Q	Limited	
IATA:	Cargo:	Quantity 5 L Maximum quantity: 30 L	Packaging instructions:
	Pass.:	Maximum quantity: 2,5	555 Packaging instructions:
	Special Instructions:	L -	551

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code.

Information not relevant.

SECTION 15. Regulatory information.

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture.

U.S. Federal Regulations.

TSCA:

All components are listed on TSCA Inventory.

Clean Air Act Section 112(b):

No component(s) listed.

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances:

No component(s) listed.

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances:

No component(s) listed.

Clean Water Act – Priority Pollutants:

No component(s) listed.

<u>Clean Water Act –</u> Toxic Pollutants:

No component(s) listed.

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DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals):			
No component(s) listed.			
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals):			
No component(s) listed.			
EPA List of Lists:			
313 Category Code:			
No component(s) listed.			
EPCRA 302 EHS TPQ:			
7722-84-1 EPCRA 304 EHS RQ:	HYDROGEN PEROXIDE SOLUTION		
7722-84-1 CERCLA RQ:	HYDROGEN PEROXIDE SOLUTION		
No component(s) listed.			
EPCRA 313 TRI:			
No component(s) listed.			
RCRA Code:			
No component(s) listed.			
CAA 112 (r) RMP TQ:			
No component(s) listed.			
State Regulations.			
Massachussetts:			
7722-84-1	HYDROGEN PEROXIDE SOLUTION		
Minnesota:			
7722-84-1	HYDROGEN PEROXIDE SOLUTION		
<u>New Jersey:</u>			
7722-84-1 <u>New York:</u>	HYDROGEN PEROXIDE SOLUTION		
7722-84-1 <u>Pennsylvania:</u>	HYDROGEN PEROXIDE SOLUTION		

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7722-84-1		HYDROGEN PEROXIDE SOLUTION			
California:					
7722-84-1		HYDROGEN PEROXIDE SOLUTION			
Proposition 65:					
International Regulations.					
Substances subject to exp	ortation reporting pursuant to (EC) Reg	<u>ı. 649/2012:</u>			
None.					
Substances subject to the	Rotterdam Convention:				
None.					
Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:					
None.					
Candadian WHMIS.					
Information not available.	Information not available.				
SECTION 16. Oth	ner information.				
Text of hazard (H) indication	ons mentioned in section 2-3 of the she	vet:			
Ox. Liq. 1	Oxidising liquid, category 1				
Ox. Liq. 2	Oxidising liquid, category 2				
Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity, category 4				
Skin Corr. 1A	Skin corrosion, category 1A				
Skin Corr. 1B	Skin corrosion, category 1B				
Skin Corr. 1C	Skin corrosion, category 1C				
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage, category 1				
Eye Irrit. 2	Eye irritation, category 2				
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin irritation, category 2				
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity - single	exposure, category 3			
H271	May cause fire or explosion; strong o	oxidiser.			
H272	May intensify fire; oxidiser.				
H302	Harmful if swallowed.				

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H318Causes serious eye damage.H319Causes serious eye irritation.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

LEGEND:

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313 CATEGORY CODE: Emergency Planning and Community Right-to Know Act Section 313 Category Code	
ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road	
CAA 112 ® RMP TQ: Risk Management Plan Threshold Quantity (Clean Air Act Section 112®)	
CAS NUMBER: Chemical Abstract Service Number	
CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)	
CERCLA RQ: Reportable Quantity (Comprehensive Environment Response, Compensation, and Liability Act)	
CLP: EC Regulation 1272/2008	
DEA: Drug Enforcement Administration	
EmS: Emergency Schedule	
EPA: US Environmental Protection Agency	
EPCRA: Emergency Planning and Community Right-to Know Act EPCRA 302 EHS TPQ: Extremely Hazardous Substance Threshold Planning Quantity (Section 302 Category Code)
EPCRA 304 EHS RQ: Extremely Hazardous Substance Reportable Quantity (Section 304 Category Code))
EPCRA 313 TRI: Toxics Release Inventory (Section 313 Category Code)	
GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals	
IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation	
IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%	
IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods	
IMO: International Maritime Organization	
LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%	
LD50: Lethal dose 50%	
OEL: Occupational Exposure Level	
PEL: Predicted exposure level	
RCRA Code: Resource Conservation and Recovery Act Code	
REL: Recommended exposure limit	
RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train	
TLV: Threshold Limit Value	
TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.	
TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit	
TWA STEL. Shortenn exposure limit	
VOC: Volatile organic Compounds	
WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System.	
ENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY:	
GHS rev. 3	
The Merck Index. 10th Edition	
Handling Chemical Safety	
Niosh - Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances	
INRS - Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)	
Patty - Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology	
N.I. Sax - Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition	
ECHA website	
6 NYCRR part 597	
Cal/OSHA website	
California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act	
EPA website	
Hazard Comunication Standard (HCS 2012)	
IARC website	
List Of Lists EPA: Consolidated List of Chemicals Subject to EPCRA, CERCLA and Section 112® of the Clean Air A	Act
Massachussetts 105 CMR Department of public health 670.000: "Right to Know"	
Minensota Chapter 5206 Departemnt Of Labor and Industry Hazardous Substances, Employee "Right to Know".	
New Jersey Worker and Community Right to know Act N.J.S.A.	
NTP. 2011. Report on Carcinogens, 12th Edition.	
OSHA website Reprovisional Hazardous Substance List, Chapter 223	
Pennsylvania, Hazardous Substance List, Chapter 323 lote for users:	
he information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version.	Users must verify the suitability an
noroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.	coord must verify the suitability dif
his document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.	
he use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, com	ply with the current health and safet
aws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.	
Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.	