	EXAXOL CHEMICAL CORPORATION	Revision nr. 1
		Dated 3/26/2019
		First compilation
6020INTB1 -	Interference Check Standard B1 in 2% Nitric Acid	Printed on 3/26/2019
		Page n. 1/14
		I I
	Safety Data Sheet According to U.S.A. Federal Hazcom 2012	
1. Identification		
1.1. Product identifier		
Code: Product name	6020INTB1 Interference Check Standard B1 in 2% Nitric Acid	
1.2. Relevant identified us Intended use	ses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Not available	
1.3. Details of the supplier	r of the safety data sheet	
Name	EXAXOL CHEMICAL CORPORATION	
Full address District and Country	14325 60 TH ST N 33760 CLEARWATER - FLORIDA	
	US	
	Tel. 1-727-524-7732	
	Fax 1-727-532-8221	
e-mail address		
	info@exaxol.com	
1.4. Emergency telephone	e number	
For urgent inquiries refer to		
2. Hazards identific	cation	
1. Classification of the sul		
	nazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in OSHA Hazard Communication	Standard (HCS) (29 CFR 1910.1200). Th
roduct thus requires a safety ny additional information cor	datasheet. ncerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and	12 of this sheet.
lassification and Hazard Sta		
azard pictograms: Eye irritation, category 2	Causes serious eye irritation.	
Skin irritation, category 2	Causes skin irritation.	
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Revision nr. 1 Dated 3/26/2019

First compilation

Printed on 3/26/2019

Page n. 2/14

6020INTB1 - Interference Check Standard B1 in 2% Nitric Acid

Signal words:

Warning

Hazard statements:

H319Causes serious eye irritation.H315Causes skin irritation.

Precautionary statements:

Prevention: P280	Wear protective gloves / eye protection / face protection.
P264	Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
Response:	
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P332+P313	If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice / attention.
P337+P313	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice / attention.
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: wash with plenty of water.
P362+P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
Storage:	
Disposal:	

2.2. Other hazards

Information not available

3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Contains:

Identification	Conc. %	Classification:
WATER		
CAS 7732-18-5	97.968	
EC 231-791-2		
INDEX -		
NITRIC ACID		
CAS 7697-37-2	2	Oxidising liquid, category 2 H272, Skin corrosion, category 1A H314, Serious eye damage, category 1 H318
EC 231-714-2		
INDEX 007-004-00-1		
Silver Nitrate		
CAS 7761-88-8	0.002	Oxidising solid, category 2 H272, Acute toxicity, category 4 H302, Skin corrosion, category 1B H314, Serious eye damage, category 1 H318, Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute toxicity, category 1 H400 M=1000, Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 1 H410 M=1
EC 231-853-9		
INDEX 047-001-00-2		

Revision nr. 1 Dated 3/26/2019

First compilation

Printed on 3/26/2019

Page n. 3/14

6020INTB1 - Interference Check Standard B1 in 2% Nitric Acid

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

4. First-aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 30-60 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. Get medical advice/attention.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention.

INGESTION: Have the subject drink as much water as possible. Get medical advice/attention. Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly authorised by a doctor.

INHALATION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Remove victim to fresh air, away from the accident scene. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Take suitable precautions for rescue workers.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

5. Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT The extinguishing equipment should be of the conventional kind: carbon dioxide, foam, powder and water spray. UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT None in particular.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

Revision nr. 1 Dated 3/26/2019 First compilation Printed on 3/26/2019

Page n. 4/14

6020INTB1 - Interference Check Standard B1 in 2% Nitric Acid

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material. Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

6.2. Environmental precautions

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Ensure that there is an adequate earthing system for the equipment and personnel. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Do not breathe powders, vapours or mists. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Wash hands after use. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store in a ventilated and dry place, far away from sources of ignition. Keep containers well sealed. Keep the product in clearly labelled containers. Avoid overheating. Avoid violent blows. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory References:

USA	NIOSH-REL	NIOSH publication No. 2005-149, 3th printing, 2007.
USA	OSHA-PEL	Occupational Exposure Limits - Limits for Air Contaminants TABLE Z-1-1910.1000.
USA	CAL/OSHA-PEL	California Division of Occupational Safety and Health (Cal-OSHA) Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs).
EU	OEL EU	Directive (EU) 2017/2398; Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC; Directive 91/322/EEC.
	TLV-ACGIH	ACGIH 2018

NITRIC ACID

Threshold	Limit	Val
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Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min			
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm		
TLV-ACGIH	-	5.2	2	10.3	4		
OEL	EU			2.6	1		
OSHA	USA	5	2				
CAL/OSHA	USA	5	2	10	4		
NIOSH	USA	5	2	10	4		

Revision nr. 1 Dated 3/26/2019

6020INTB1 - Interference Check Standard B1 in 2% Nitric Acid

First compilation Printed on 3/26/2019

Page n. 5/14

Legend:

(C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration. Personal protective equipment must comply with current regulations.

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves (OSHA 29 CFR 1910.138).

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category I professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear. Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (OSHA 29 CFR 1910.133).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, wear a mask with a NIOSH certified filter, whose class must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration (NIOSH 42 CFR 84, OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus or external air-intake breathing apparatus. For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard NIOSH 42 CFR 84, OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Colour Odour Odour threshold pH Melting point / freezing point Initial boiling point Boiling range Flash point Evaporation Rate Flammability of solids and gases Lower inflammability limit Upper inflammability limit Lower explosive limit Upper explosive limit Vapour pressure	liquid Not available Not available Not available Not available Not available Not available 93 °C Not available Not available Not available Not available Not available Not available
Vapour pressure	
Vapour density Relative density	Not available Not available

Revision nr. 1

Dated 3/26/2019

6020INTB1 - Interference Check Standard B1 in 2% Nitric Acid

First compilation Printed on 3/26/2019

Page n. 6/14

Solubility Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature Viscosity Explosive properties Oxidising properties Not available Not available Not available Not available Not available Not available Not available

9.2. Other information

Information not available

10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

NITRIC ACID

Decomposes at 84°C/183°F.Possibility of self-ignition.

10.2. Chemical stability

Silver Nitrate

Decomposes on contact with: light.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

The product may react violently with water.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid overheating. Prevent moisture or water from penetrating inside the containers.

NITRIC ACID

Avoid exposure to: heat, light.

Silver Nitrate

Avoid exposure to: light.

10.5. Incompatible materials

NITRIC ACID

Incompatible with: flammable substances, reducing substances, alcohol, metals, basic substances, acetone, acetic acid, acetic anhydride. Incompatible materials: plastic materials.

Revision nr. 1 Dated 3/26/2019

First compilation

Printed on 3/26/2019

Page n. 7/14

6020INTB1 - Interference Check Standard B1 in 2% Nitric Acid

Silver Nitrate

Incompatible with: strong reducing agents, alcohols, ammonia, magnesium, strong bases.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

NITRIC ACID

May develop: nitric oxide.

11. Toxicological information

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification. It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure

Information not available

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Information not available

Interactive effects

Information not available

ACUTE TOXICITY

Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

NITRIC ACID

LC50 (Inhalation) 67 ppm/4h Rat

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Causes skin irritation

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Causes serious eye irritation

6020INTB1 - Interference Check Standard B1 in 2% Nitric Acid

Revision nr. 1 Dated 3/26/2019

First compilation Printed on 3/26/2019

Page n. 8/14

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

12. Ecological information

No specific data are available for this product. Handle it according to good working practices. Avoid littering. Do not contaminate soil and waterways. Inform the competent authorities, should the product reach waterways or contaminate soil or vegetation. Please take all the proper measures to reduce harmful effects on aquifers.

12.1. Toxicity

Silver Nitrate	
LC50 - for Fish	0,006 mg/l/96h Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)
EC50 - for Crustacea	0,0006 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna (water flea)
Chronic NOEC for Fish	0,108 mg/l Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)

12.2. Persistence and degradability

NITRIC ACID Solubility in water Degradability: information not available

> 1000000 mg/l

Revision nr. 1

Dated 3/26/2019 First compilation

6020INTB1 - Interference Check Standard B1 in 2% Nitric Acid

Printed on 3/26/2019

Page n. 9/14

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

NITRIC ACID Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 12.4. Mobility in soil

< 3

Information not available

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Information not available

13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Neat product residues should be considered special non-hazardous waste. Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations. CONTAMINATED PACKAGING Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

14. Transport information

14.1. UN number

ADR / RID, IMDG, 3264 IATA:

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID:	CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S.
IMDG:	CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S.
IATA:	CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S.

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR / RID:	Class: 8	Label: 8
IMDG:	Class: 8	Label: 8
IATA:	Class: 8	Label: 8



6020INTB1 - Interference Check Standard B1 in 2% Nitric Acid

Revision nr. 1
Dated 3/26/2019
First compilation
Printed on 3/26/2019

Page n. 10/14

14.4. Packing group

ADR / RID, IMDG, III IATA:

14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR / RID:	NO
IMDG:	NO
IATA:	NO

14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR / RID:	HIN - Kemler: 80 Special Provision: -	Limited Quantities: 5 L	Tunnel restriction code: (E)
IMDG:	EMS: F-A, S-B	Limited Quantities: 5 L	
IATA:	Cargo:	Maximum quantity: 60 L	Packaging instructions: 856
	Pass.:	Maximum quantity: 5 L	Packaging instructions: 852
	Special Instructions:	A3, A803	

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Information not relevant

15. Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

U.S. Federal Regulations

TSCA:

All components are listed on TSCA Inventory.

Clean Air Act Section 112(b):

No component(s) listed.

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances:

No component(s) listed.

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances:

No component(s) listed.

6020INTB1 - Interference Check Standard B1 in 2% Nitric Acid

Revision nr. 1 Dated 3/26/2019

First compilation

Printed on 3/26/2019

Page n. 11/14

<u>Clean Water Act –</u> Priority Pollutants:

No component(s) listed.

<u>Clean Water Act –</u> Toxic Pollutants:

No component(s) listed.

DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals):

No component(s) listed.

DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals):

No component(s) listed.

EPA List of Lists:

313 Category Code:

7697-37-2	NITRIC
7789-02-8	Chrom
13478-00-7	(Chron Nickel(
10026-22-9	inorgar Cobalti
15710-66-4	compo
13710-00-4	Manga inorgar
13778-30-8	Zinc Ni
13778-31-9	Coppe compo
10022-68-1	Cadmi
7761-88-8	(Cadm Silver I
1327-53-3	Arsenio
EPCRA 302 EHS TPQ:	oxide)
7697-37-2	NITRIC
1327-53-3	Arsenio oxide)
EPCRA 304 EHS RQ:	
7697-37-2	NITRIC
1327-53-3	Arsenio
CERCLA RQ:	oxide)
7697-37-2	NITRIC
7761-88-8	Silver
1327-53-3	Arsenio oxide)

NITRIC ACID

Chromium (III) Nitrate Nonahydrate (Chromium III compounds) Nickel(II) Nitrate Hexahydrate (Nickel inorganic soluble compounds) Cobalt(II) Nitrate Hexahydrate (Cobalt compounds) Manganese(II) Nitrate (Manganese inorganic compounds) Zinc Nitrate (Zinc compounds) Copper(II) Nitrate (Copper compounds) Cadmium Nitrate Tetrahydrate (Cadmium soluble salts) Silver Nitrate (Silver soluble salts) Arsenic Trioxide (Arsenic inorganic

NITRIC ACID

Arsenic Trioxide (Arsenic inorganic oxide)

NITRIC ACID

Arsenic Trioxide (Arsenic inorganic oxide)

NITRIC ACID

Silver Nitrate (Silver soluble salts) Arsenic Trioxide (Arsenic inorganic oxide)

6020INTB1 - Interference Check Standard B1 in 2% Nitric Acid

EPCRA 313 TRI:

7697-37-2	NITRIC ACID		
7789-02-8	Chromium(III) Nitrate Nonahydrate		
13478-00-7	(Chromium III compounds) Nickel(II) Nitrate Hexahydrate (Nickel		
10026-22-9	inorganic soluble compounds) Cobalt(II) Nitrate Hexahydrate (Cobalt		
15710-66-4	compounds) Manganese(II) Nitrate (Manganese inorganic compounds)		
13778-30-8	Zinc Nitrate (Zinc compounds)		
13778-31-9	Copper(II) Nitrate (Copper compounds)		
10022-68-1	Cadmium Nitrate Tetrahydrate (Cadmium soluble salts)		
7761-88-8	Silver Nitrate (Silver soluble salts)		
1327-53-3	Arsenic Trioxide (Arsenic inorganic		
RCRA Code:	oxide)		
1327-53-3	Arsenic Trioxide (Arsenic inorganic oxide)		
CAA 112 (r) RMP TQ:			
No component(s) listed.			
State Regulations			
Massachussetts:			
7697-37-2	NITRIC ACID		
<u>Minnesota:</u>			
7697-37-2	NITRIC ACID		
New Jersey:			
7697-37-2	NITRIC ACID		
New York:			
7697-37-2	NITRIC ACID		
Pennsylvania:			
7697-37-2	NITRIC ACID		
California:			
7697-37-2	NITRIC ACID		
Proposition 65:			
International Regulations			
Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to (EC) Reg. 649/2012:			
None			

Revision nr. 1 Dated 3/26/2019

First compilation

Printed on 3/26/2019

Page n. 12/14

Revision nr. 1

Dated 3/26/2019 First compilation

6020INTB1 - Interference Check Standard B1 in 2% Nitric Acid

Printed on 3/26/2019

Page n. 13/14

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

Candadian WHMIS

Information not available

16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

H272	May intensify fire; oxidiser.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

LEGEND:

- 313 CATEGORY CODE: Emergency Planning and Community Right-to Know Act Section 313 Category Code

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- CAA 112 ® RMP TQ: Risk Management Plan Threshold Quantity (Clean Air Act Section 112®)
- CAS NUMBER: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CERCLA RQ: Reportable Quantity (Comprehensive Environment Response, Compensation, and Liability Act)
- CLP: EC Regulation 1272/2008
- DEA: Drug Enforcement Administration
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- EPA: US Environmental Protection Agency
- EPCRA: Emergency Planning and Community Right-to Know Act
- EPCRA 302 EHS TPQ: Extremely Hazardous Substance Threshold Planning Quantity (Section 302 Category Code)
- EPCRA 304 EHS RQ: Extremely Hazardous Substance Reportable Quantity (Section 304 Category Code) EPCRA 313 TRI: Toxics Release Inventory (Section 313 Category Code)
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- **OEL: Occupational Exposure Level**
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- RCRA Code: Resource Conservation and Recovery Act Code
- **REL:** Recommended exposure limit
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- **TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act**
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds

Revision nr. 1

Dated 3/26/2019 First compilation

Printed on 3/26/2019

Page n. 14/14

6020INTB1 - Interference Check Standard B1 in 2% Nitric Acid

- WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System.

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY:

- GHS rev. 3
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- Niosh Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- ECHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) Italy
- 6 NYCRR part 597
- Cal/OSHA website
- California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act
- EPA website
- Hazard Comunication Standard (HCS 2012)
- IARC website
- List Of Lists EPA: Consolidated List of Chemicals Subject to EPCRA, CERCLA and Section 112® of the Clean Air Act
- Massachussetts 105 CMR Department of public health 670.000: "Right to Know"
- Minensota Chapter 5206 Departemnt Of Labor and Industry Hazardous Substances, Employee "Right to Know".
- New Jersey Worker and Community Right to know Act N.J.S.A.
- NTP. 2011. Report on Carcinogens, 12th Edition.
- OSHA website
- Pennsylvania, Hazardous Substance List, Chapter 323

Note for users: The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.